HOUSING PRODUCTION PLAN

Housing Subcommittee Meeting August 17, 2023



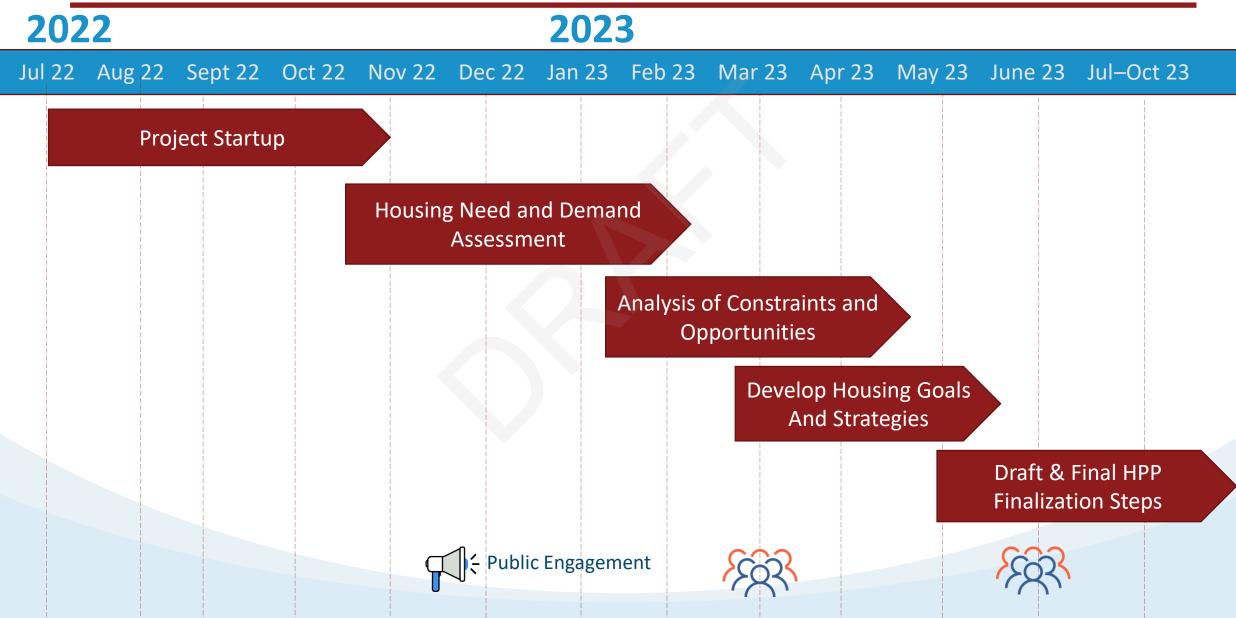




- Discuss Engagement Results (Forum + OOH)
- Finalize HPP Strategies
- Finalize Development Opportunity Sites and Discuss 3A Study Areas

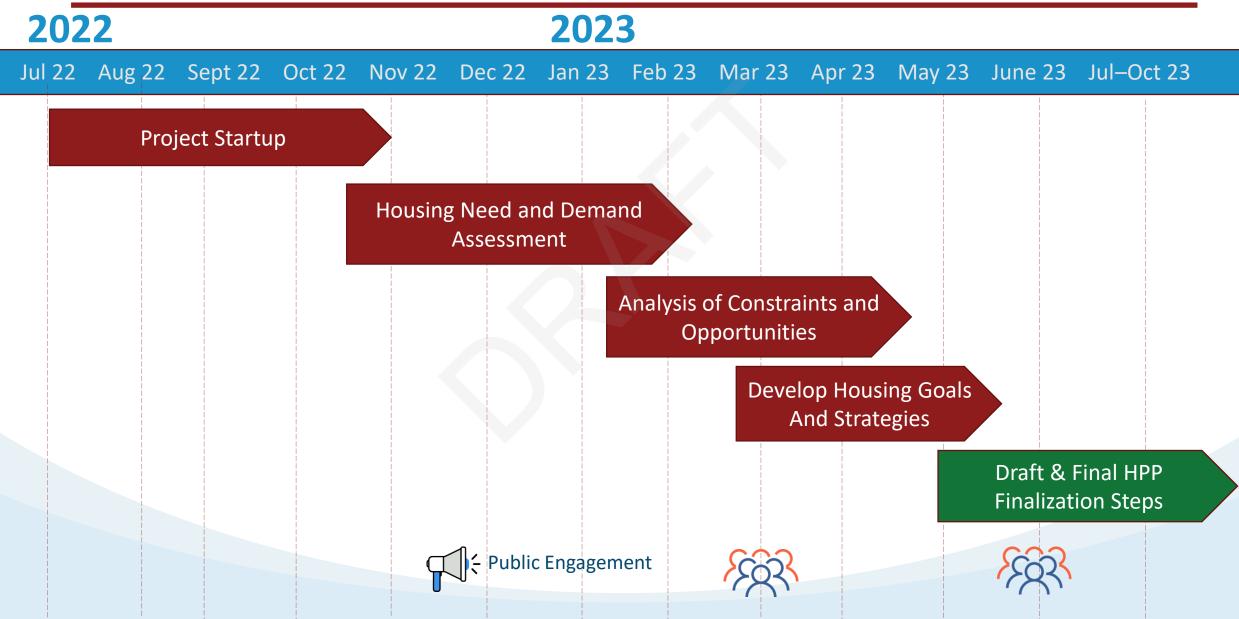
Planning Effort Timeline





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- Remainder of August / Start of September MAPC drafts HPP report
- Week of September 11th MAPC sends draft report to the Town and Committee
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SUMMARY OF PUBLIC INPUT





In-person Forum vs. Online Open House

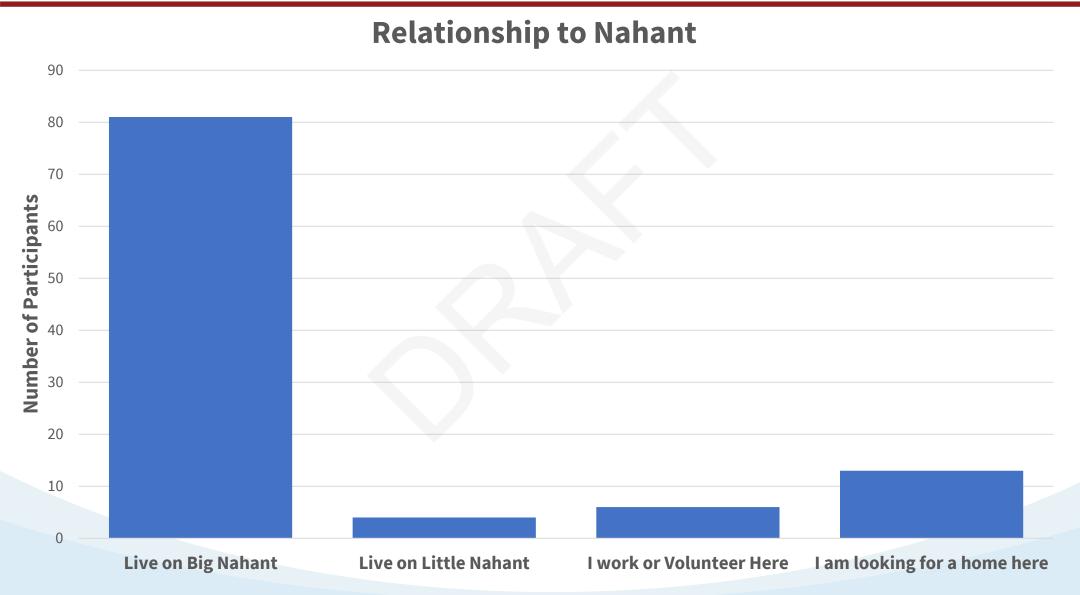


- Demographics don't vary
- Results don't vary significantly
- Slightly greater support for recommendations from OOH participants

NOTE: The following slides show combined data for the forum and online open house (OOH) because demographics and results do not vary significantly.

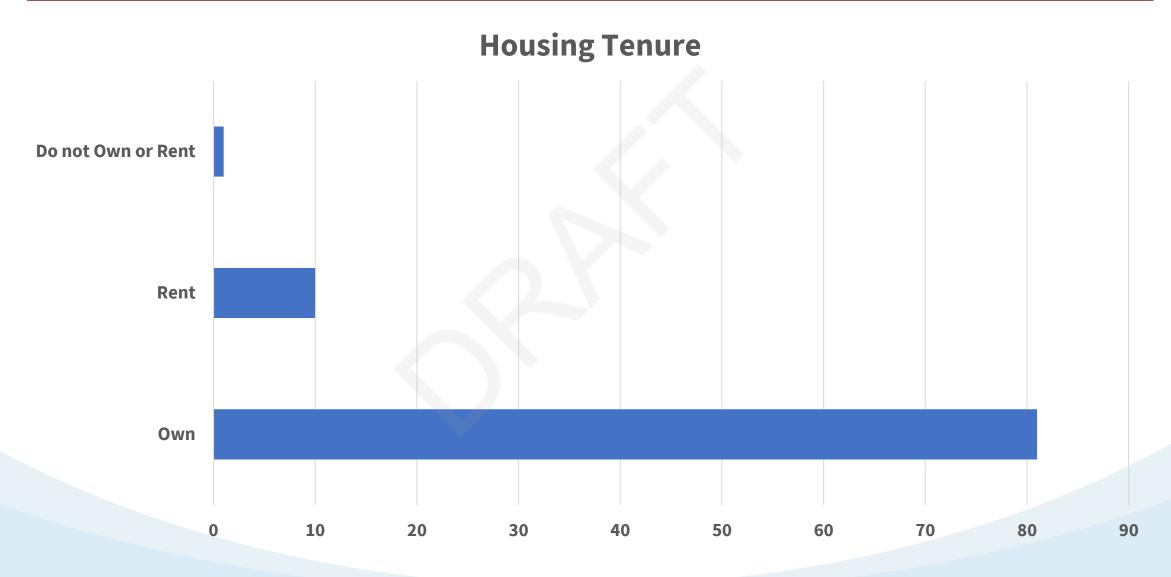
About the Participants





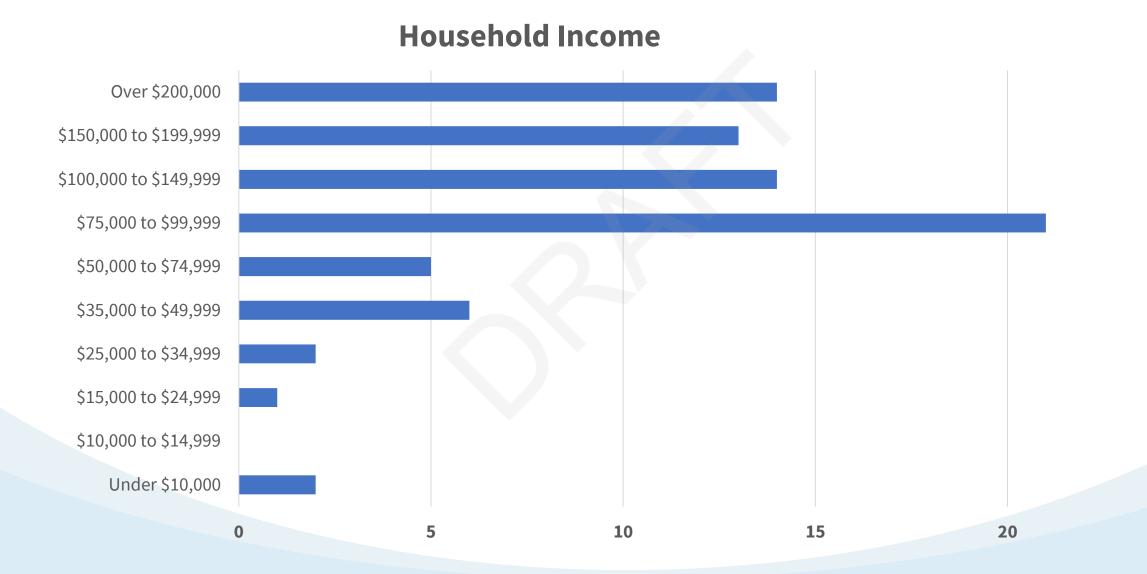
About the Participants





About the Participants





25



Race/ethnicity

Forum:



Online Open House:

97%

White

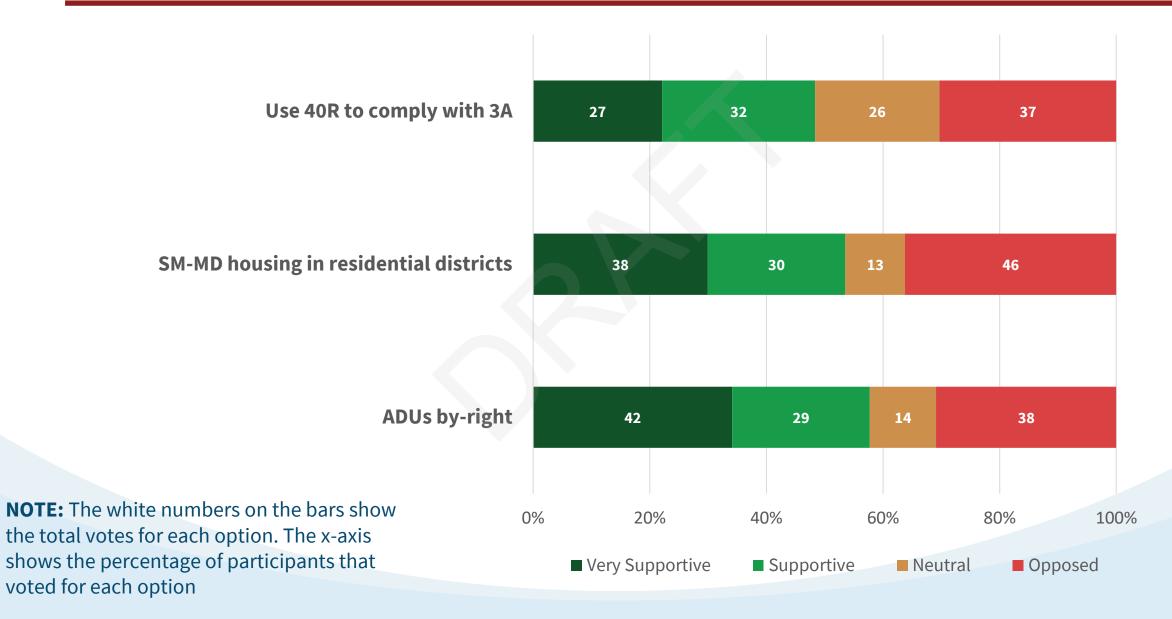
White

Poll Results: Capacity/Programming Strategies





Regulatory Strategies



Poll Results: Policy Strategies



Adopt a community impact fee for short-term rentals

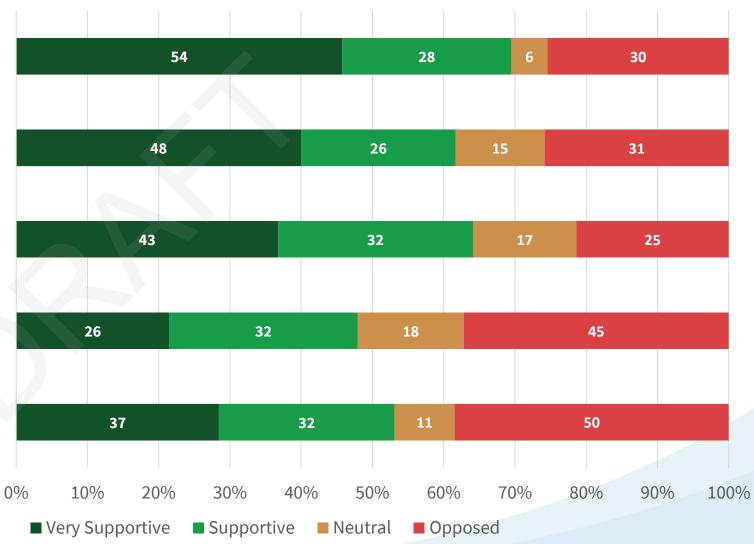
Adopt the new state building codes

Explore Property Tax Reduction for Seniors

Utilize Publicly-Owned Sites for Affordable Housing & Recreation

Affordable Housing and Right to Return for Coast Guard Site

NOTE: The white numbers on the bars show the total votes for each option. The x-axis shows the percentage of participants that voted for each option



Moving Forward



- Consider public input while ranking and updating the HPP recommendations
- Include summary of public input in plan report
- Use public input to guide future engagement and messaging

RANKING STRATEGIES



The age of Nahant's population is shifting signaling a change in housing needs and preferences.

Between 2015 and 2020

The share of residents between ages 70–79

increased by 74%

Aging households experience physical limitations and changes in income that make it difficult to maintain and afford larger homes. The share of young adults between the ages 22–29

declined

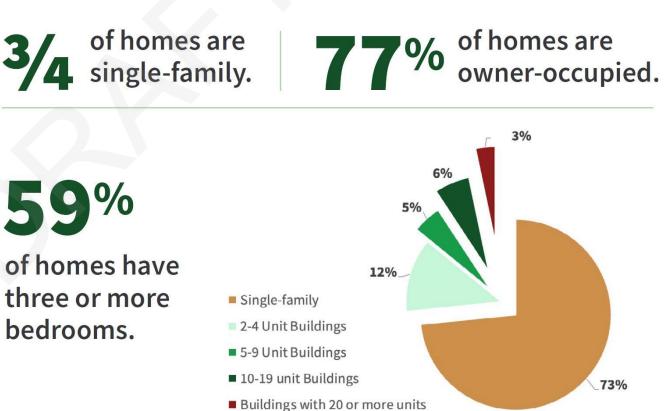
by **57%**

indicating children who grew up in Nahant may be settling elsewhere when it comes time to buy their first home.



2 Smaller housing options are needed for seniors and young adults.

Smaller homes like accessory dwelling units, duplexes, and townhouses, are good downsizing options for seniors as well as "starter-homes" for young people because smaller homes are generally more affordable and easier to manage. Expanding housing options for seniors and young adults will also free up single-family homes needed by families.





Many struggle to afford housing in Nahant.

Because of high housing costs and a relatively lower median income, approximately 648 Nahant households are cost burdened, spending more than 30% of their income on housing costs.
When housing costs leverage a household's finances, it's difficult to afford other necessities like food, healthcare, and transportation.

\$94,243

Nahant's median income.

\$950,000

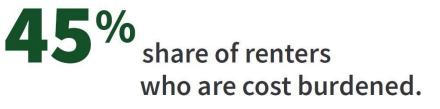
Median price of a single-family home in Nahant.

\$376,900

Median price of a condominium in Nahant.

\$1,675

Median price of a one-bedroom rental in Nahant. **36%** share of homeowners who are cost burdened.





Nahant needs more Affordable Housing.

- Affordable Housing is required to cost no more than 30% of a household's income and is for income-eligible households only. Eligibility varies by household size; an individual earning up to \$78,300 and a four-person household earning up to \$111,850 is eligible.
- For the approximately **645 eligible households** in Nahant, there are **only 48 Affordable Housing units**.







Goal 1: Expand "Little to Middle" Housing Options

Goal 2: Produce Upper-case A Affordable Housing

Goal 3: Reduce Housing Instability For Seniors and Vulnerable Households

Goal 4: Harmonize Housing Needs with Sustainability Goals

Ranking Strategies – Goals and Implementation



	Goals				Implementation Factors			
Strategy	Little – Middle	Affordable Housing	Stabilize Costs	Harmonize Sustainability	Public Support	Feasible	Low Cost	TOTAL
1. Affordable Housing Trust		3	3		1	1	-1	7
2. Part-time Shared Planner	1	1	1	1				4
3. Housing Stability Programs			3		3	3	3	12
4. First-time Homebuying Programs	1	1	3		3	3	3	14
5. Accessory Dwelling Unit Bylaw	3			1	2	2	1	9
6. Little – Middle Zoning	3				1	1	1	6
7. Smart Growth Overlay (40R)	2	1				1	1	5
8. Coast Guard Site – AH and RTR	1	3		1	1	-1	1	6
9. Public Sites – AH and Rec	1	3		2	1	1		8
10. Expand Property Tax Reduction			2		2	1		5
11. New State Building Codes			1	3	2	1	1	8
12. Short-term Rental Impact Fee		1	1		3	2		7

NOTE: The impact of strategies on advancing the HPP goals and implementation factors are scored (1 to 3) for positive impact and (-1 to -3) for negative impact. Cumulative scores are shown in the total column to the right. If neutral, the column is blank.

PRIORITY DEVELOPMENT SITES AND 3A STUDY AREAS

General Takeaways



- Very strong support for 50 Greystone, the Coast Guard site, the Ward Road site, and the Country Club site
- Public does not generally support development in flood zones. The Spring and Flash Road sites are not supported for development, nor is the Wharf St. area
- The church site is controversial
- Support for 3A in the Nahant + Spring Road area, Coast Guard Site, and the Edgehill Apartments / Country Club site

Public Input -> Proposed Opportunity Sites



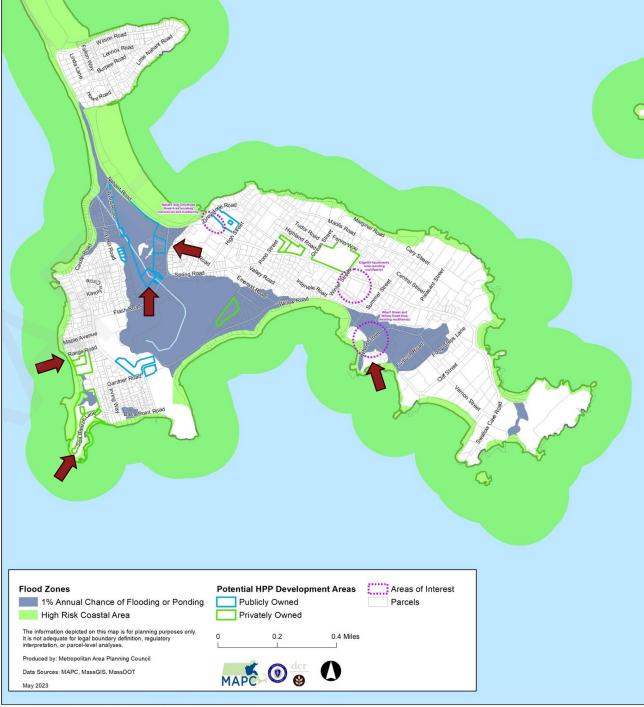


NOTE: The red numbers show the total pins and favorable comments each development opportunity site received.

Areas Affected by Flooding and High-Risk Coastal Areas

- The Flash Road (also has wetlands) and Spring Road Sites
- Basspoint Apartment Site
- Knights of Columbus + Bayside Sites
- Wharf Street and Willow Road 3A Area of Interest

Note: affected areas are identified with a red arrow



Accument Path: K:\SG Land Use\Planning Projects by Municipality\Nahant\Nahant HPP and 3A - 2022(Data & GIS\GIS\Nahant Development Constraints - Flood Zones.mxd

Recommended Opportunity Sites





NOTE: The recommended priority opportunity sites are identified in blue. These sites are recommended based on the development constraints analysis and public input.

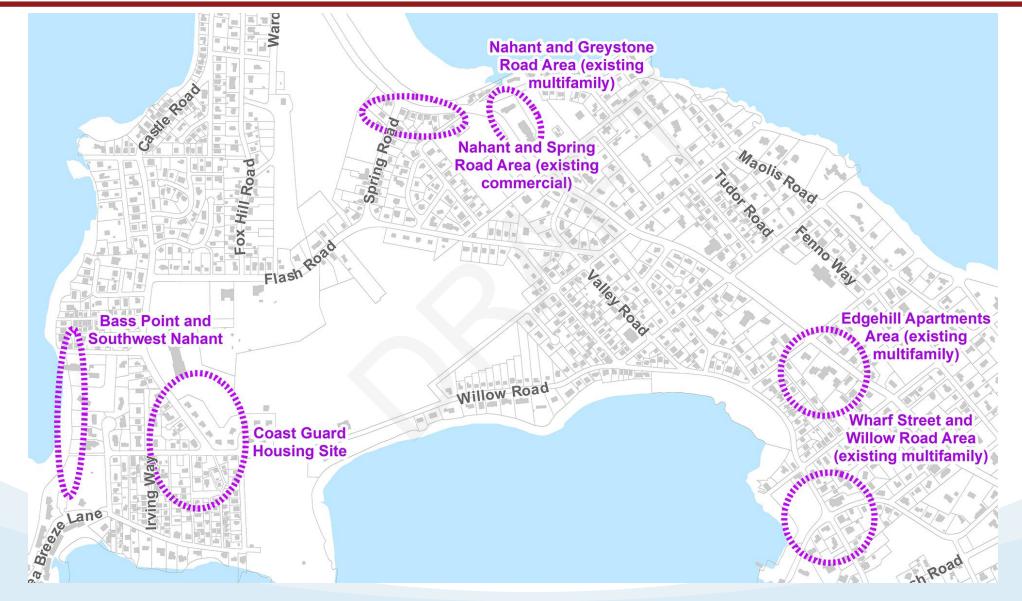
Public Input -> Proposed 3A Study Areas



- Most input was on HPP sites, not 3A Study Areas
 - Several publicly supported HPP sites are close to 3A study areas, indicating interest in expanding housing options in these areas
- Strong support for country club development
- Strong support for 3A zoning and development near Nahant and Spring Roads
- No support for floodplain development

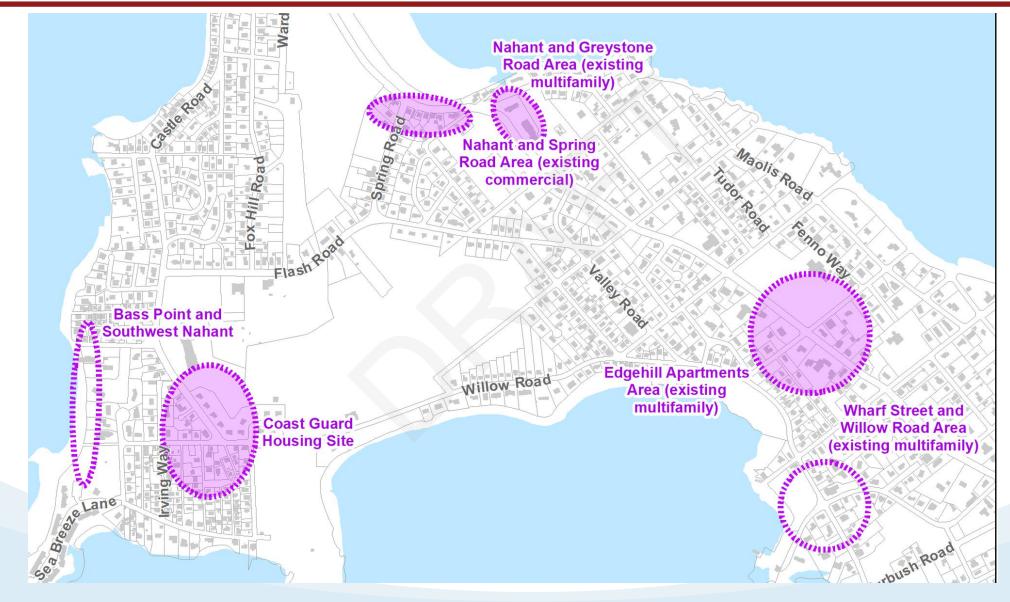
Input on Proposed 3A Study Areas





3A Study Areas Supported by Public Input





NEXT STEPS





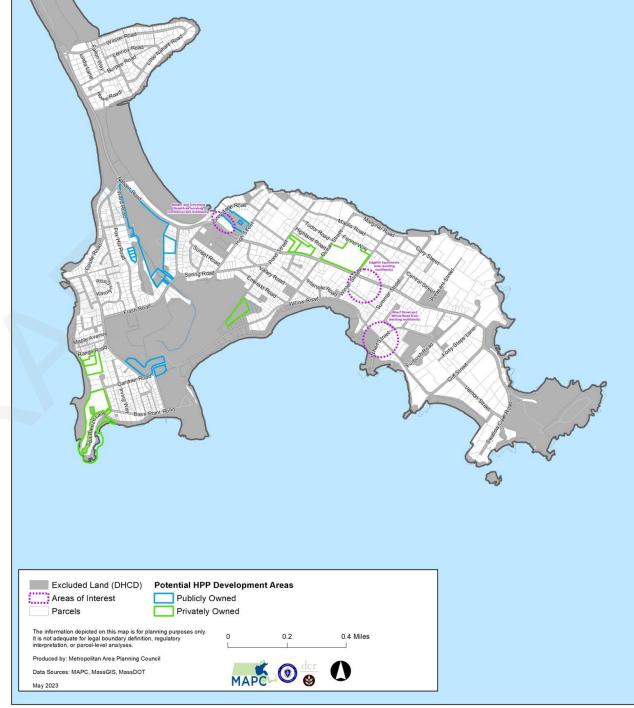
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APPENDIX

Excluded Land

- 1. All publicly-owned land, except for lots or portions of lots determined to be developable public land.
- 2. All rivers, streams, lakes, ponds, and other surface water bodies.
- 3. All wetland resource areas, together with a buffer zone around wetlands and waterbodies equivalent to the minimum setback required by Title 5 of the state environmental code.
- 4. Protected open space and recreational land that is legally protected in perpetuity (for example, land owned by a local land trust or subject to a conservation restriction), or that is likely to remain undeveloped because of functional or traditional use (for example, cemeteries).
- 5. All public rights-of-way and private rights-of-way.
- Privately-owned land on which development is prohibited to protect private or public water supplies, including, but not limited to, Zone I wellhead protection areas and Zone A surface water supply protection areas.
- 7. Privately-owned land used for educational or institutional uses such as a hospital, prison, electric, water, wastewater or another utility, museum, private school, college, or university.



Protected Open Space

Permanently protected open space is restricted to be open space permanently either through a deed restriction or another government issued document.

Land designated as open space with limited protection does not have any official deed restriction but has either a temporary easement on the property which prevents development, or a current use that makes redeveloping the property unlikely.

Unprotected open space has neither and may be subject to redevelopment.



Flood Zones

This map shows two pieces of data

The first is the flood zone with a 1% annual chance of flooding or ponding, which means for any area within this zone there is statistically a 1% chance that in any given year, the area will flood. These are "100-year flood zones".

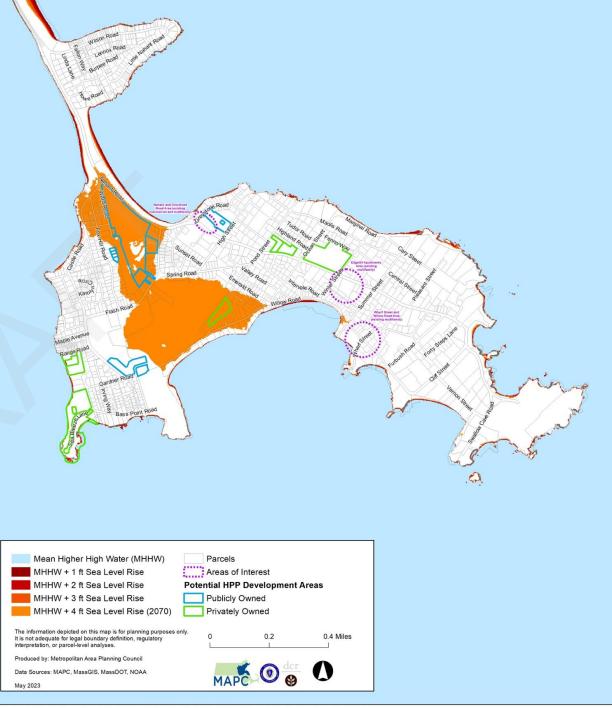
The second piece of data mapped is the "High-Risk Coastal Areas", areas that will have fastmoving water and waves greater than three feet during a flood event. FEMA also refers to these areas as "V zones".



Sea Level Rise

Mapped is the current average height of the water at high tide, the "Mean Higher High Water (MHHW)", alongside potential increases in that mean of up to four feet.

We chose four feet for map symbology as the 2070 sea level rise data indicates there could be an estimated increase of up to 4.2ft in sea level rise by 2070.

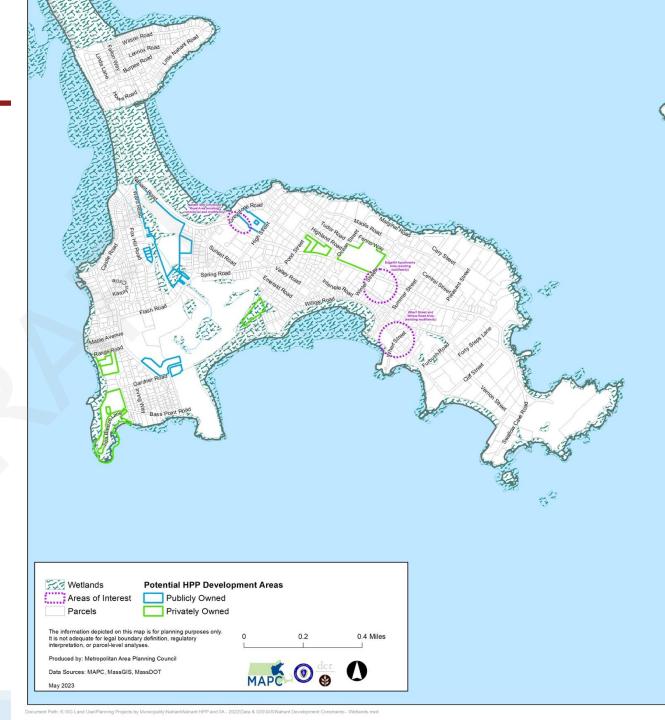


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Wetlands

Wetlands are typically areas that are saturated with groundwater.

This map shows exact locations and may only cover certain portions of a parcel. These areas are often near sea level and offer substantial benefits for controlling floods and increasing biodiversity in a region. Wetlands present a myriad of development challenges, and likely intersect with other development constraints such as flood zones.



Wildlife Habitats

We represent wildlife habitats in two different datasets that help identify places that are of substantial importance to protecting the State's biodiversity in the context of global climate change.

Core habitat: "areas critical for the long-term persistence of rare species, exemplary natural communities, and resilient ecosystems.

Priority habitats of rare species: "based on the known geographical extent of habitat for all state-listed rare species, both plants and animals, and is codified under the Massachusetts Endangered Species Act (MESA). Habitat alteration within Priority Habitats may result in a take of a state-listed species and is subject to regulatory review by the Natural Heritage & Endangered Species Program."



Topography

The topographical map shows contour lines displaying the elevation above sea level. This information is important to consider for Nahant, a geographically small community with substantial elevation changes that could impact development feasibility in certain areas. MAPC mapped the contour lines with labels noting the number of feet above sea level.

