

### **Context Communities Analysis**



- Provide a reference point to evaluate the significance of findings and trends observed in Nahant
- Determined based on data indicators and a similarity score
  - Ex. Total population, housing unit breakdown, coastal community, etc.

## **Context Communities Analysis - Results**



- MAPC and Town of Nahant staff reviewed the analysis and confirmed context communities so the housing needs assessment could be started
- The results of the analysis are that the following were selected to be context communities:

Essex

Hull

**Rockport** 

Marblehead

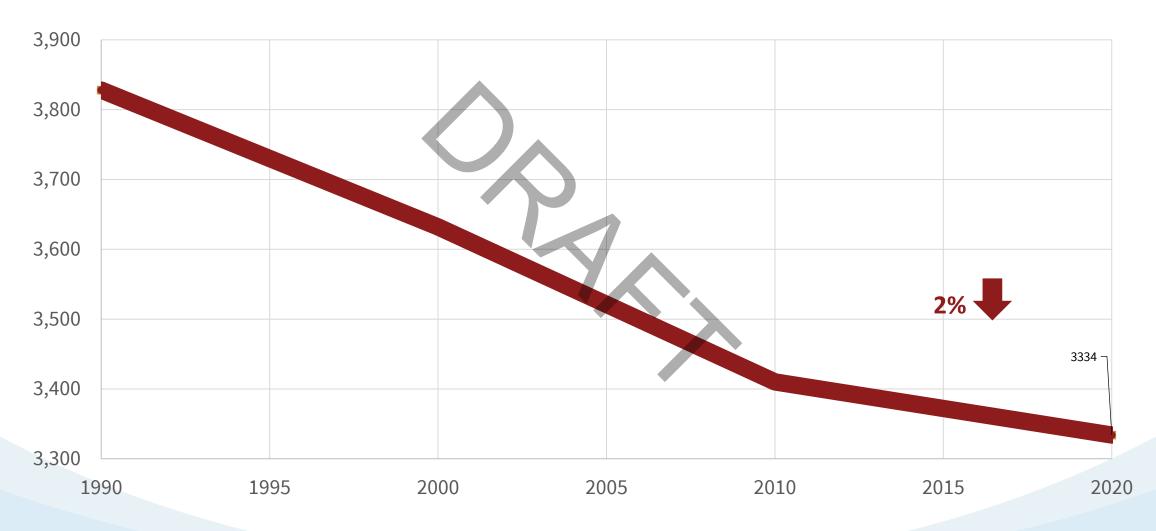
**Ipswich** 

Swampscott



# Total Population, Nahant (1990 - 2020)

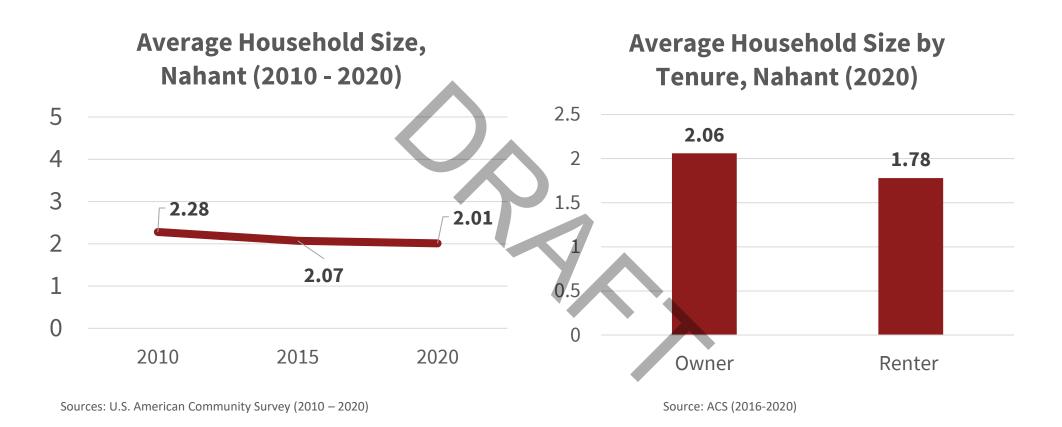




Sources: U.S. Decennial Census and American Community Survey (1990 – 2020)

# **Average Household Size**

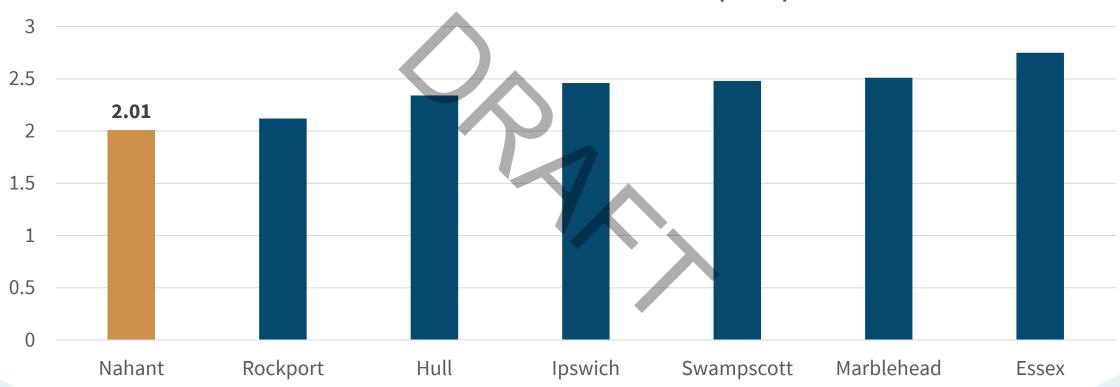




# **Average Household Size**



#### **Nahant & Context Communities (2020)**

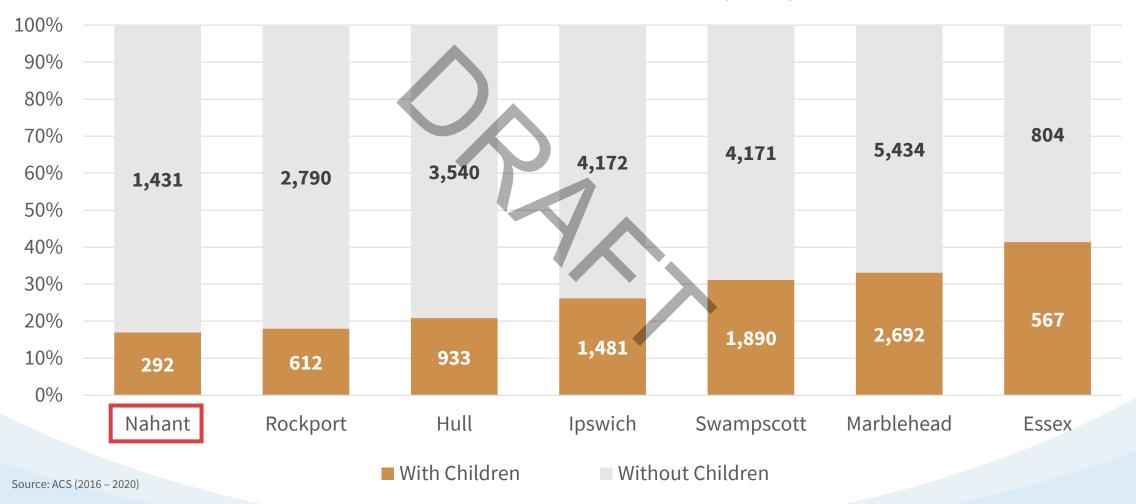


Source: ACS (2016-2020)

### **Households With Children**



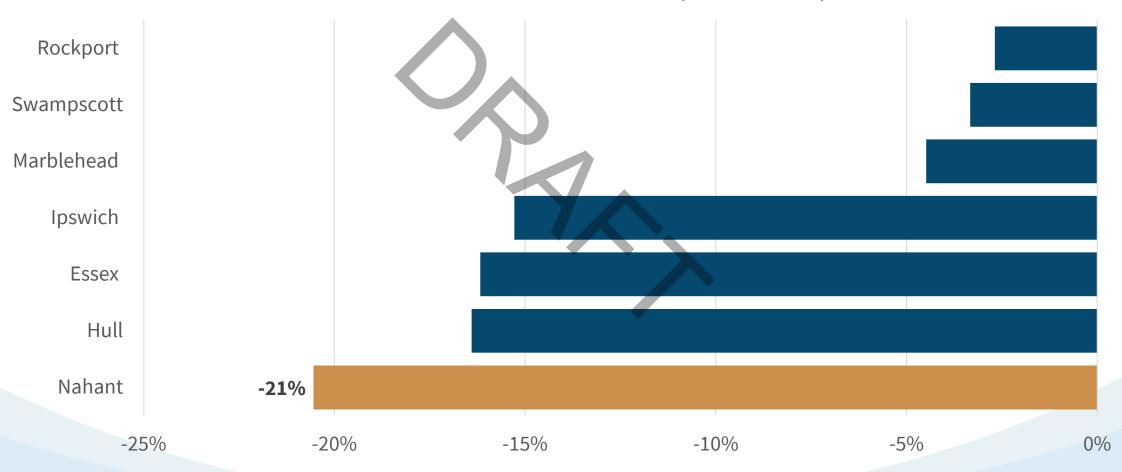
#### **Nahant & Context Communities (2020)**



# **School Enrollment Change**



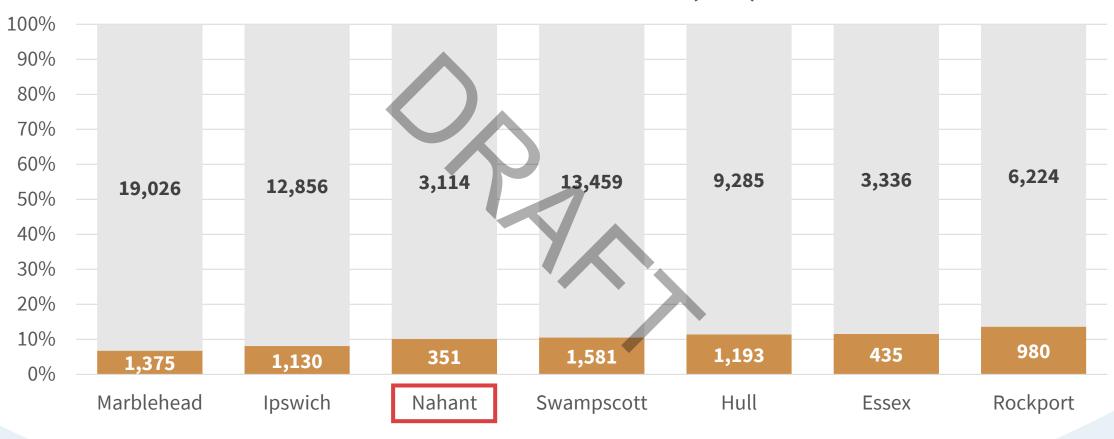
#### Nahant & Context Communities (2013 - 2018)



# **Percent of Population With a Disability**



#### **Nahant & Context Communities (2020)**



Source: ACS 2016 - 2020

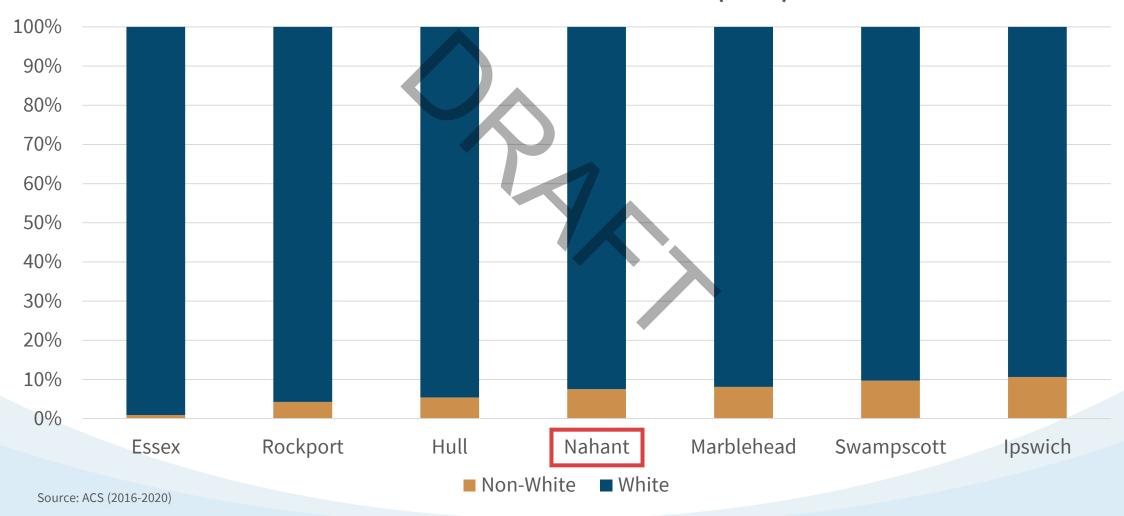
■ With a Disability

■ Without a Disability

# **Race and Ethnicity**

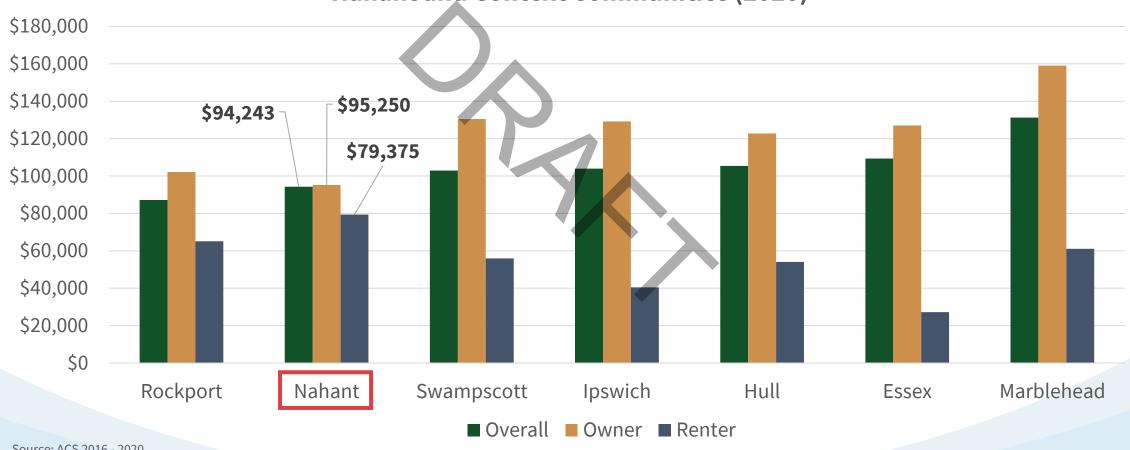


#### **Nahant & Context Communities (2020)**





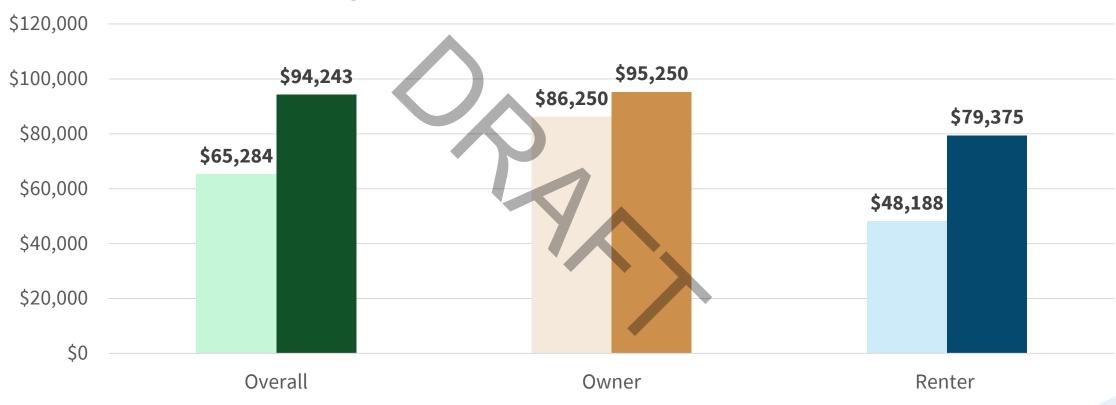
#### Median Income by Tenure, **Nahant and Context Communities (2020)**



Source: ACS 2016 - 2020



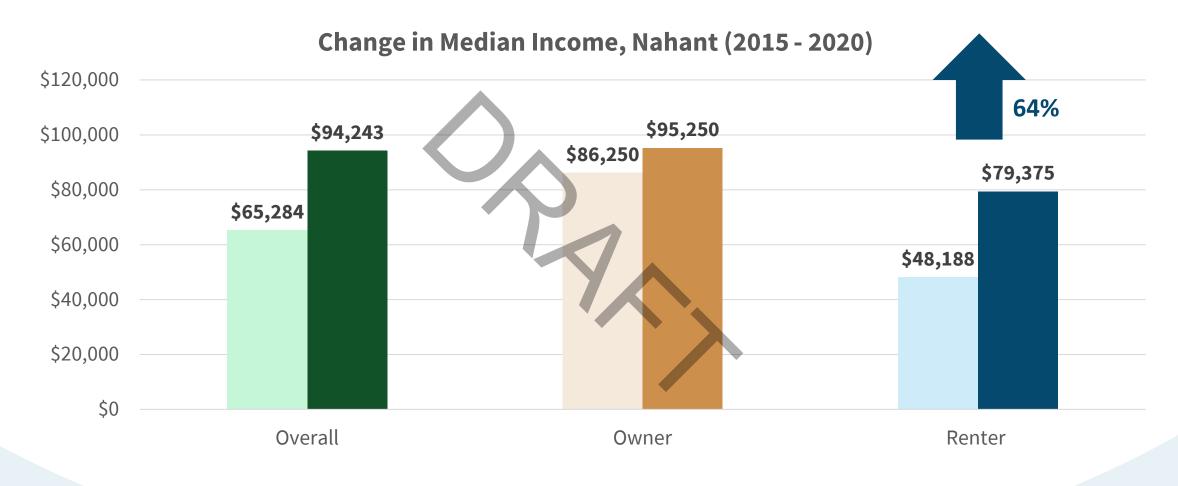
#### Change in Median Income, Nahant (2015 - 2020)



Source: ACS (2011-2015 and 2016-2020)

2015 ■ 2020

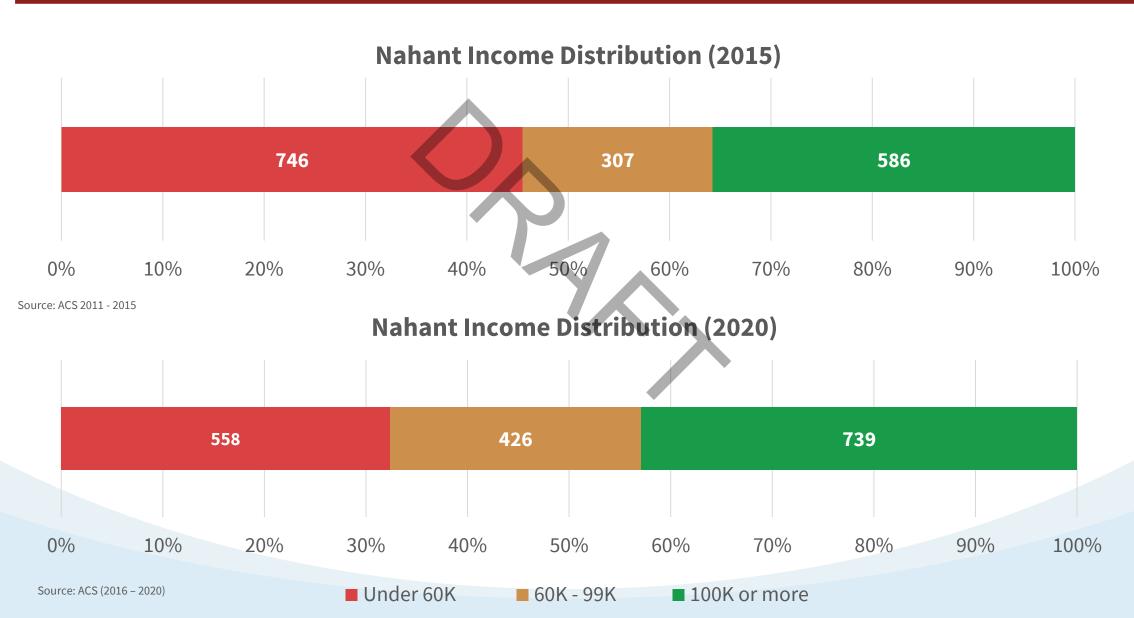




2015 ■ 2020

Source: ACS (2011- 2015 and 2016-2020)

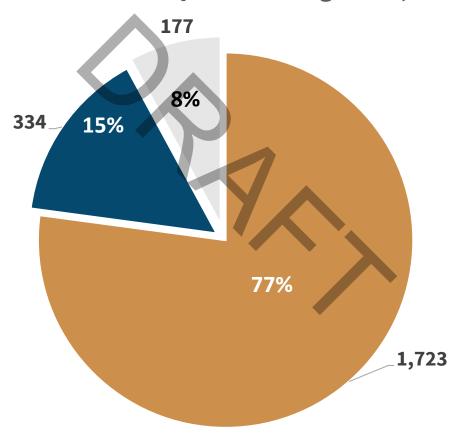








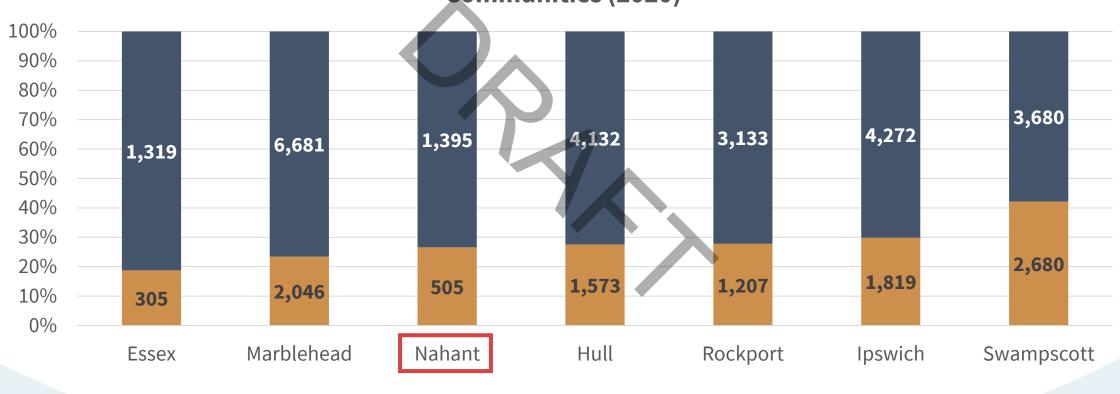
#### **Owner Versus Renter-occupied Housing Units, Nahant (2020)**



Source: ACS 2016 - 2020



# Single-family Versus Multifamily Housing Units, Nahant & Context Communities (2020)

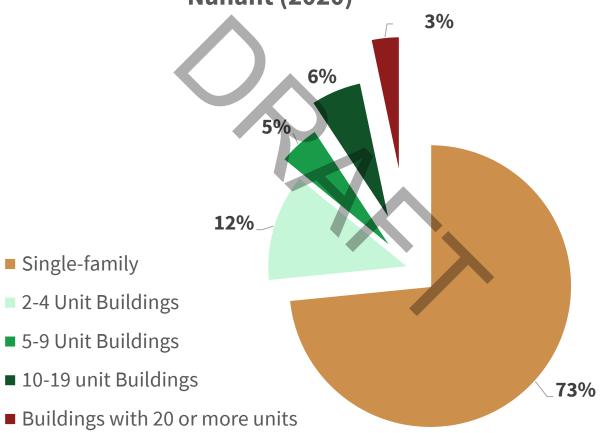


Source: ACS (2016-2020)

■ Multifamily ■ Single-family



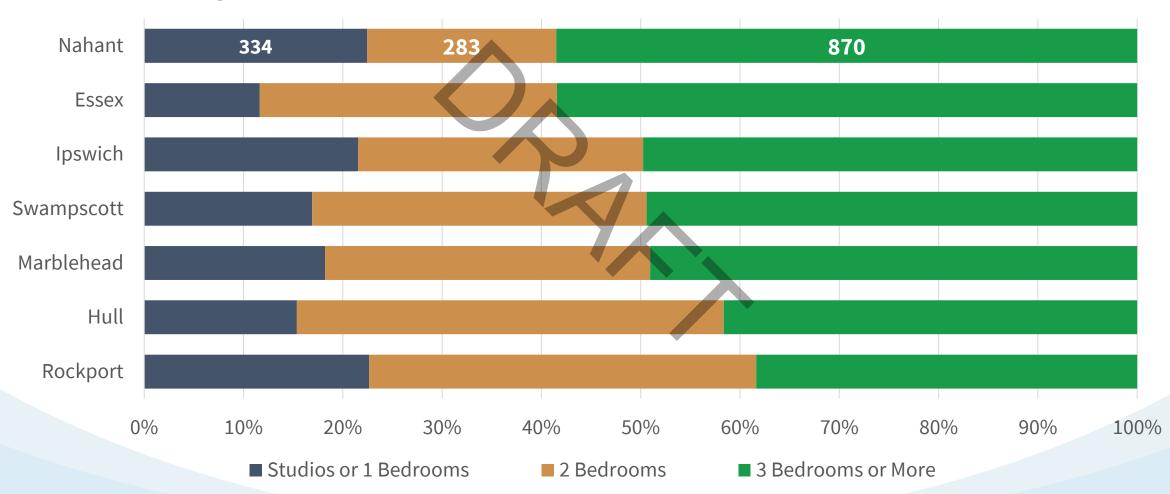




Source: ACS 2016 - 2020



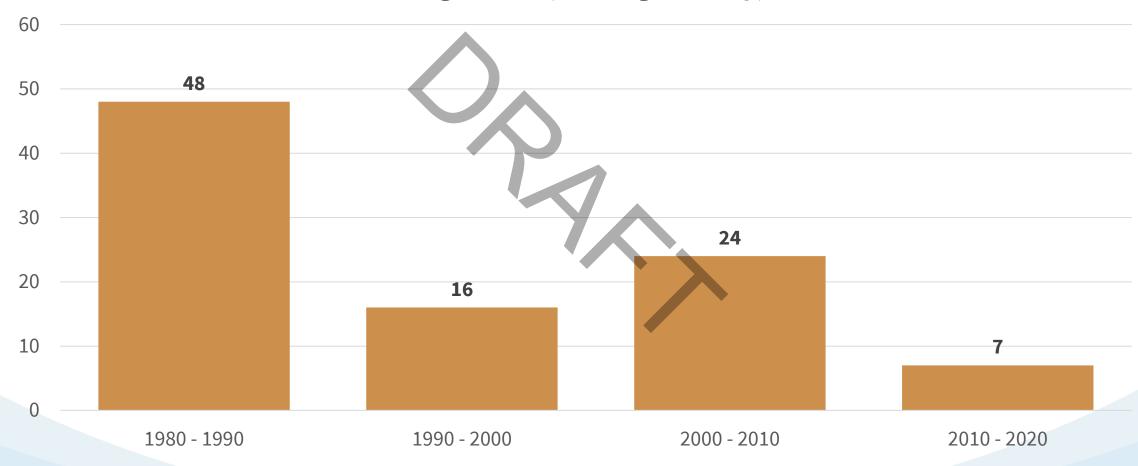
#### **Housing Units by Number of Bedrooms, Nahant & Context Commnuities (2020)**



Source: ACS 2016 - 2020



#### Total Residential Building Permits, All Single-family, Nahant (1980 -2020)

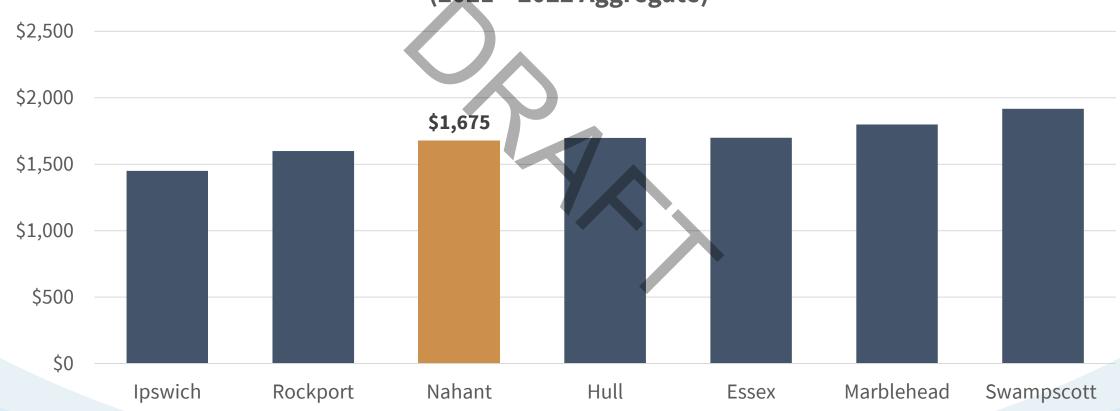


Source: U.S. Census Bureau 1980 – 2020 as Reported by the Town of Nahant

### **Median Rent**

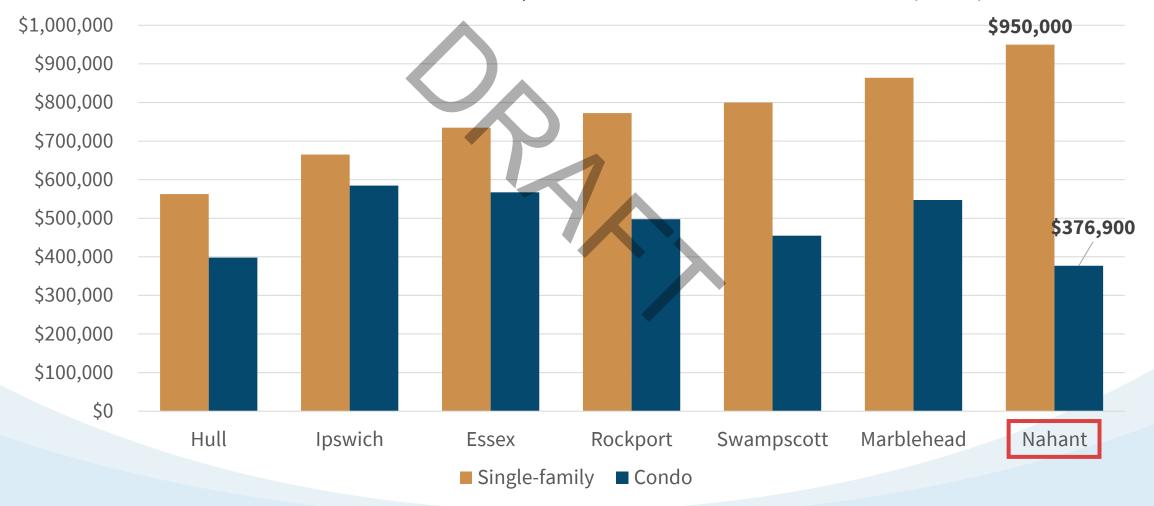


# Median Cost of a One-bedroom Rental, Nahant & Context Communities (2021 – 2022 Aggregate)

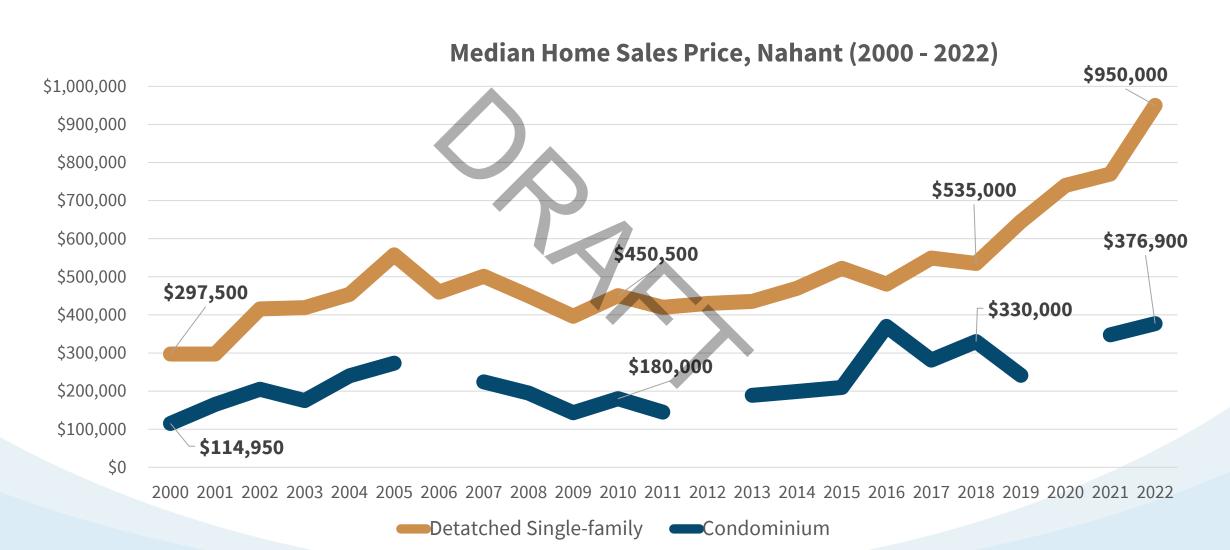




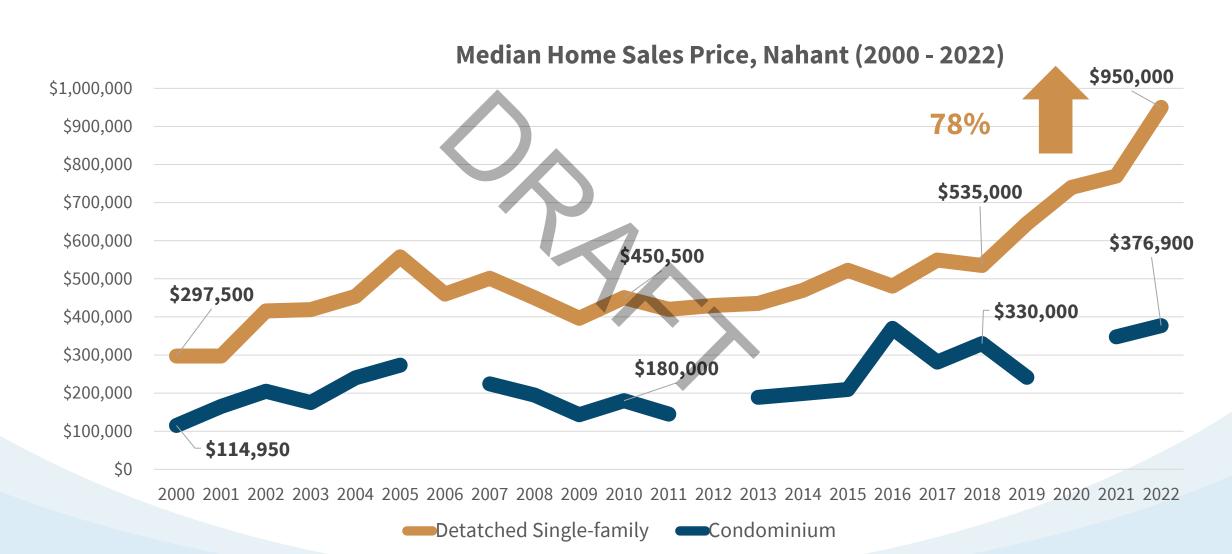
#### Median Residential Sales Price, Nahant & Context Communities (2022)



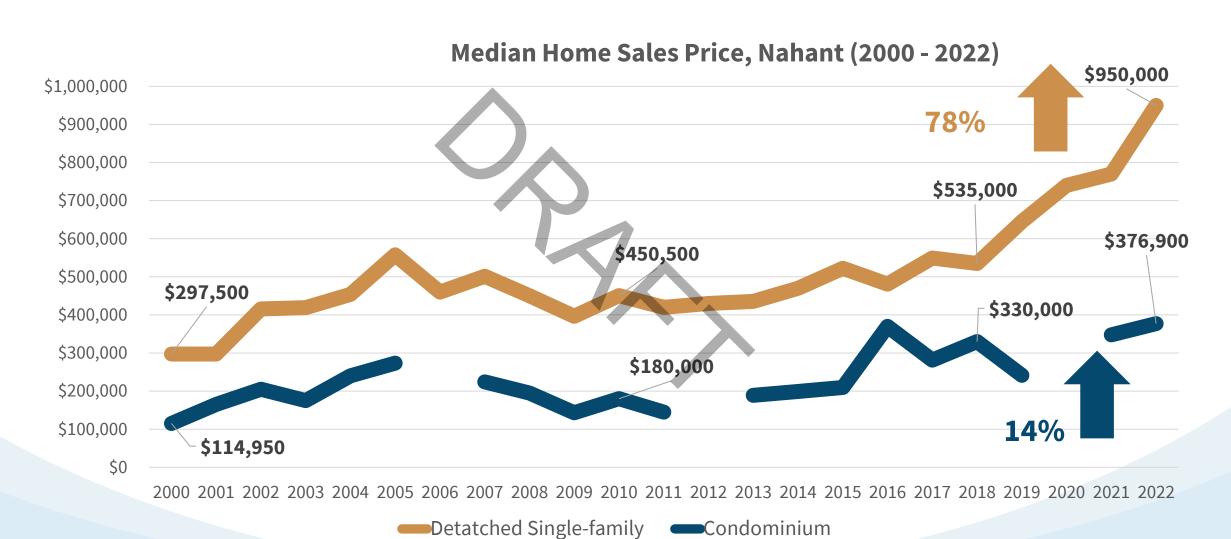






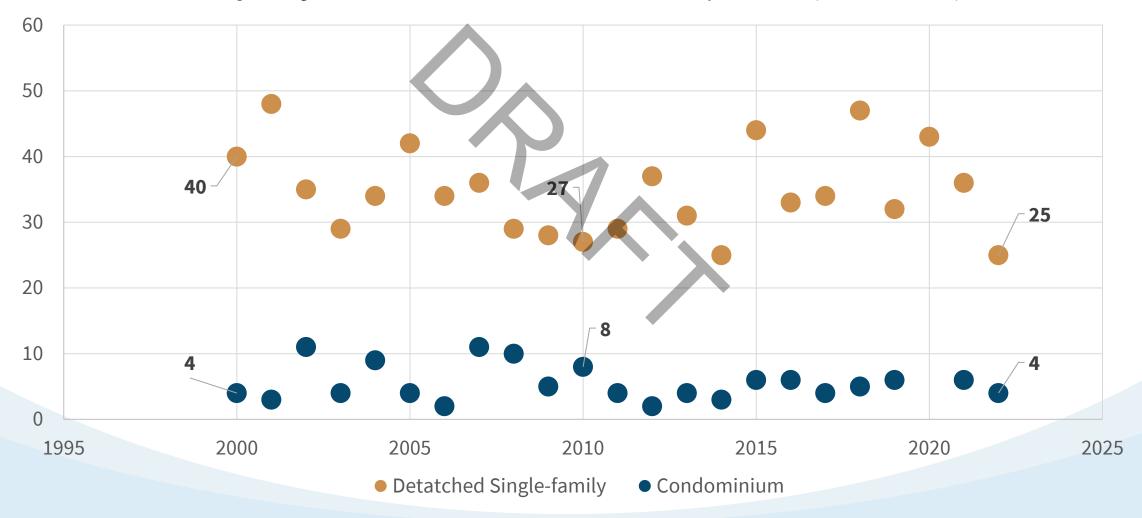








#### Frequency of Residential Sales Transactions, Nahant (2000 - 2022)





### What is considered affordable?



#### **Affordability**

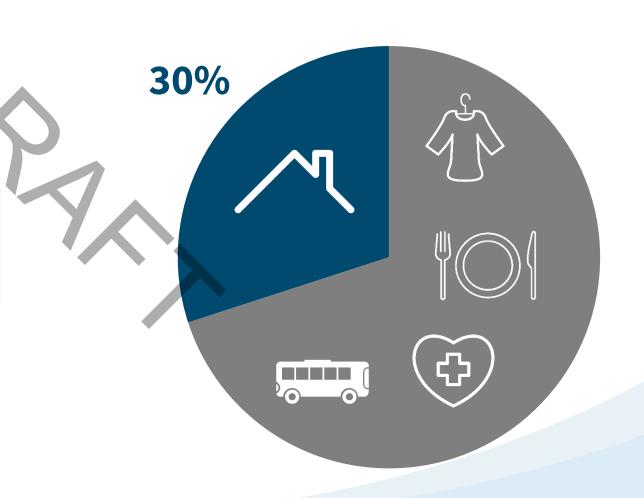
A home is considered affordable when it costs no more than 30% of a household's income.

#### **Cost burden**

When a household spends more than 30% of their income on housing, they're considered cost burdened, making it difficult to pay for other expenses like food, healthcare, transportation, and other necessities.

#### **Extreme cost burden**

When a household spends more than half of their income on housing, the household is extremely cost burdened.



### What is considered affordable?



#### "Lower-case a" affordable housing

Housing that tends to be affordable in the marketplace (30% of household income) or less expensive due to size, age, or other characteristics. "Lower-case a" affordable housing is not protected by deed restrictions or other mechanisms, so these homes may become unaffordable at any time, depending on investment, the market, and other factors.







Some housing types that tend to be "lower-case a" affordable include accessory dwelling units, duplexes, and townhomes.

### "Upper-case A" Affordable Housing

Deed-restricted Affordable Housing, often spelled with a capital "A" and "H", is legally required to cost no more than 30% of a household's income and be made available to income-eligible households only.



Deed-restricted Affordable Housing must be affordable. These homes are built by non-profit and for-profit developers through a variety of financial and regulatory means.



To determine eligibility for "Upper-case A" Affordable Housing, government programs use the **Area Median Income (AMI)**, the median income for the Boston Metropolitan Area that includes Nahant.

**Greater Boston Median Income** 

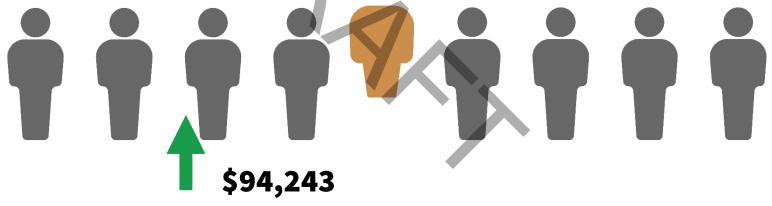
\$140,200





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**Greater Boston Median Income \$140,200** 

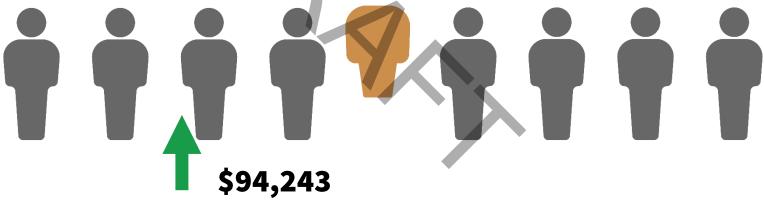


**Nahant Median Income** 



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**Greater Boston Median Income \$140,200** 



**Nahant Median Income** 

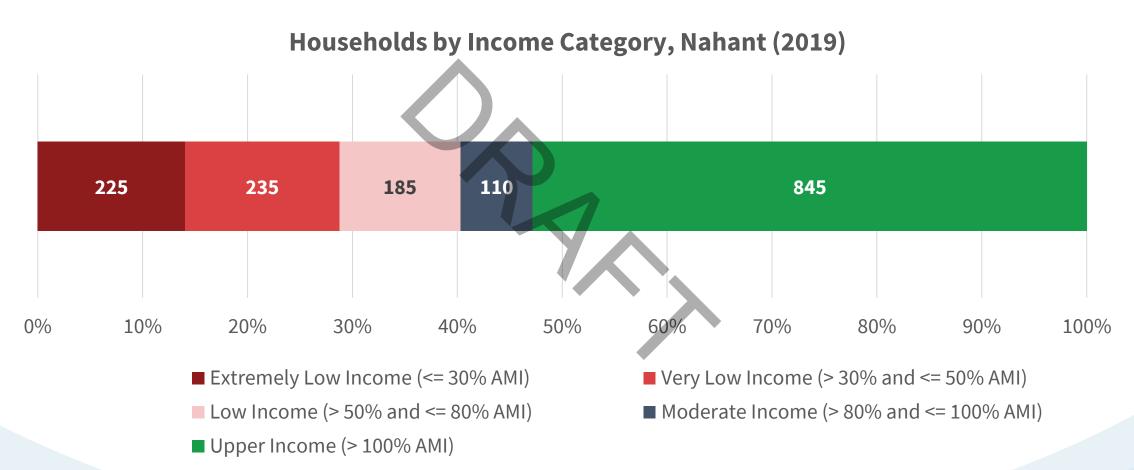
Typically, households earning **80% of the AMI** are eligible for Affordable Housing.



"Upper-case A" Affordable Housing eligibility varies based on income level and household size. Depending on a housing development's financing and other factors, some Affordable Housing units will be available to households at higher and lower AMI levels. When households earning lower levels of AMI can access Affordable Housing units, these units are considered deeply Affordable.

Area Median Income (AMI) 2022	Income-eligible Households	Individual Household	Two-person Household	Three-person Household	Four-person Household
	80% AMI Low income	\$78,300	\$89,500	\$100,700	\$111,850
\$140,200	50% AMI Very low income	\$49,100	\$56,100	\$63,100	\$70,100
	30% AMI Extremely low income	\$29,450	\$33,650	\$37,850	\$42,050



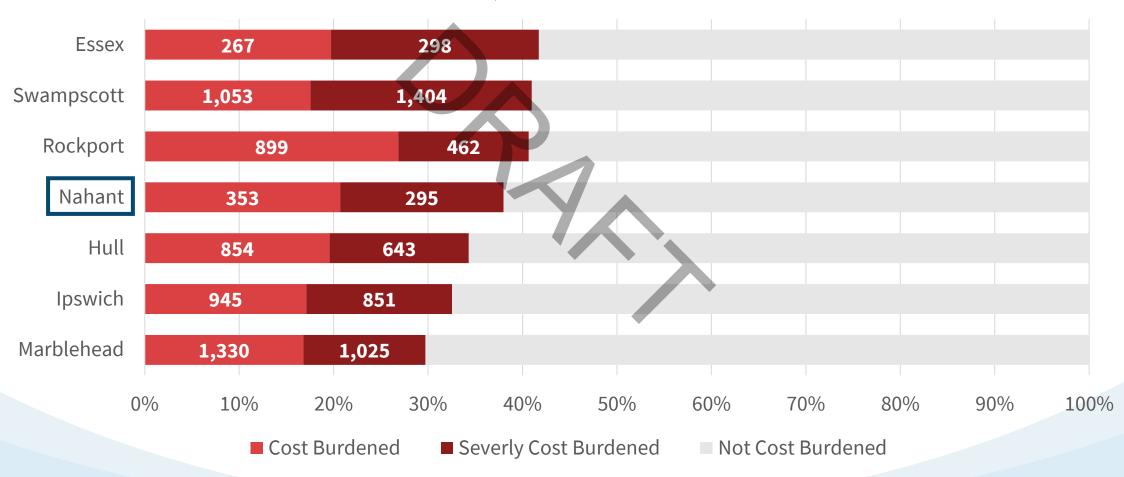


Source: ACS (2015-2019)

### **Cost Burden**



#### **Cost Burdened Households, Nahant & Context Communities (2020)**

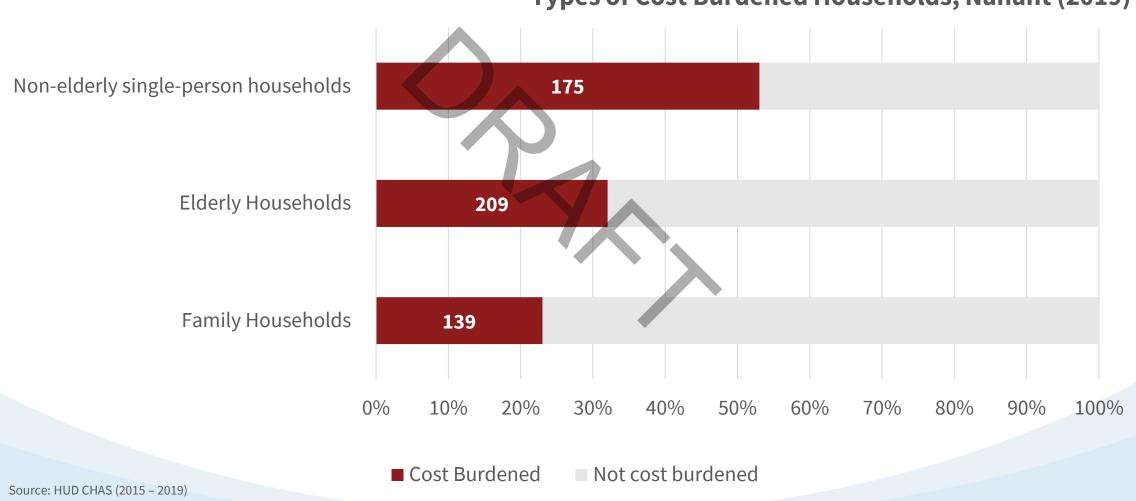


Source: ACS (2015-2019)

## **Cost Burden**

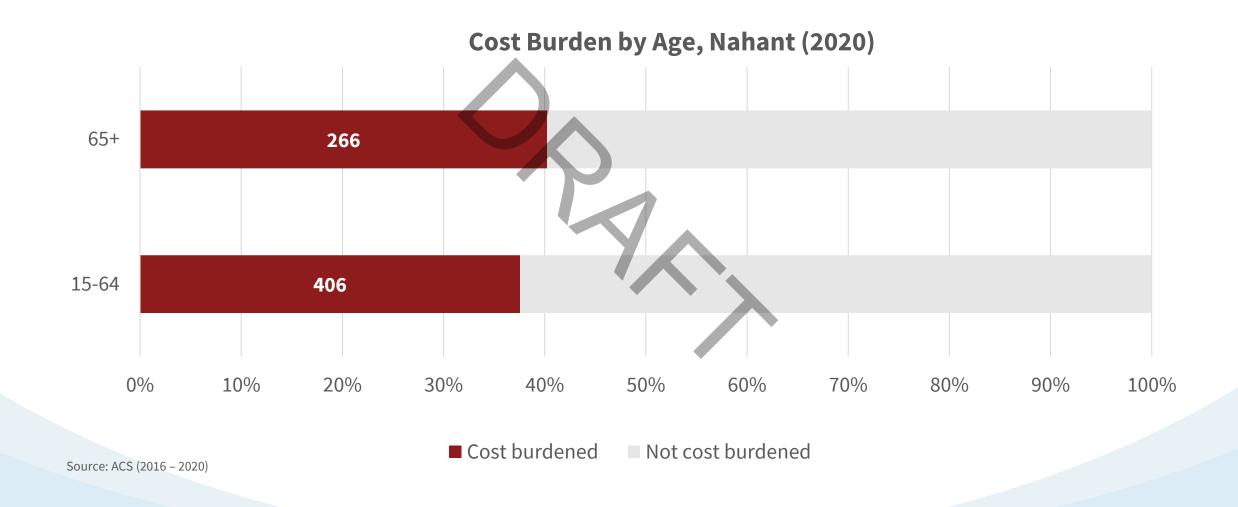


### **Types of Cost Burdened Households, Nahant (2019)**



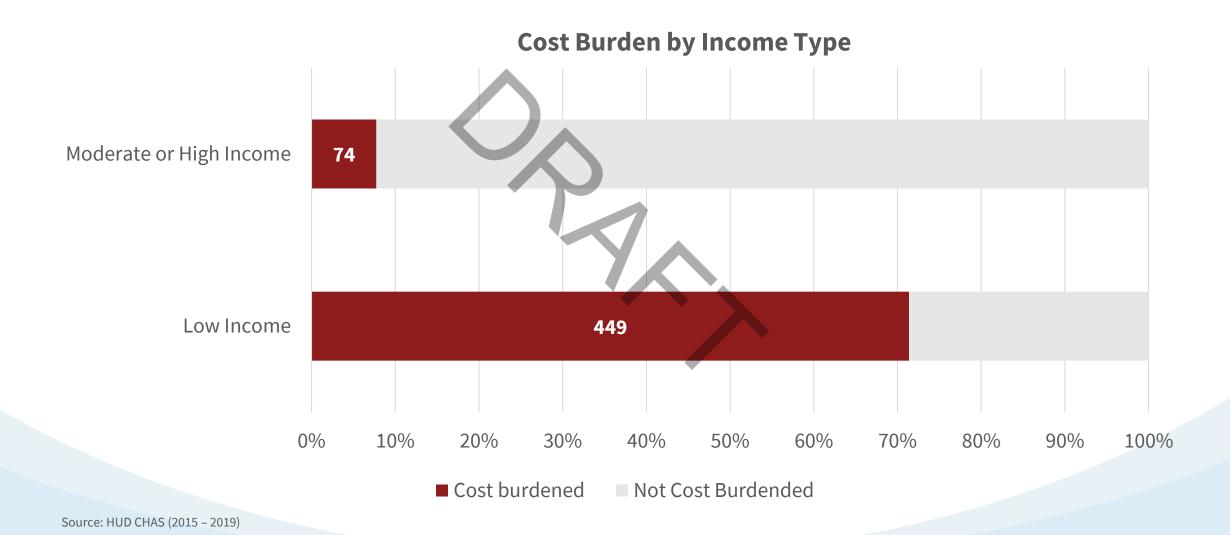
## **Cost Burden**





## **Cost Burden**





# **Subsidized Housing Inventory (SHI)**



M.G.L. Ch. 40B requires all Massachusetts municipalities to have a 10% Subsidized Housing Inventory (SHI). Generally, SHI refers to "Uppercase A" Affordable Housing, but market-rate rental units built through 40B are also SHI eligible.

The SHI is calculated by taking the number of "subsidized housing units" over the number of total housing units based on the decennial census.

### **Total SHI Qualifying Units**

48

1,612

2010 Census Total Housing Units

2.98%

Source: Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD), 2021.

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Currently, this calculation still uses the 2010 decennial census number but when the State updates the SHI, the 2020 decennial number will be used.

## **Total SHI Qualifying Units**

48

1,612

2010 Census Total Housing Units

48

1,680

2020 Census Total Housing Units

Source: Massachusetts Department of Housing and Community Development (DHCD), 2021.

2.85%

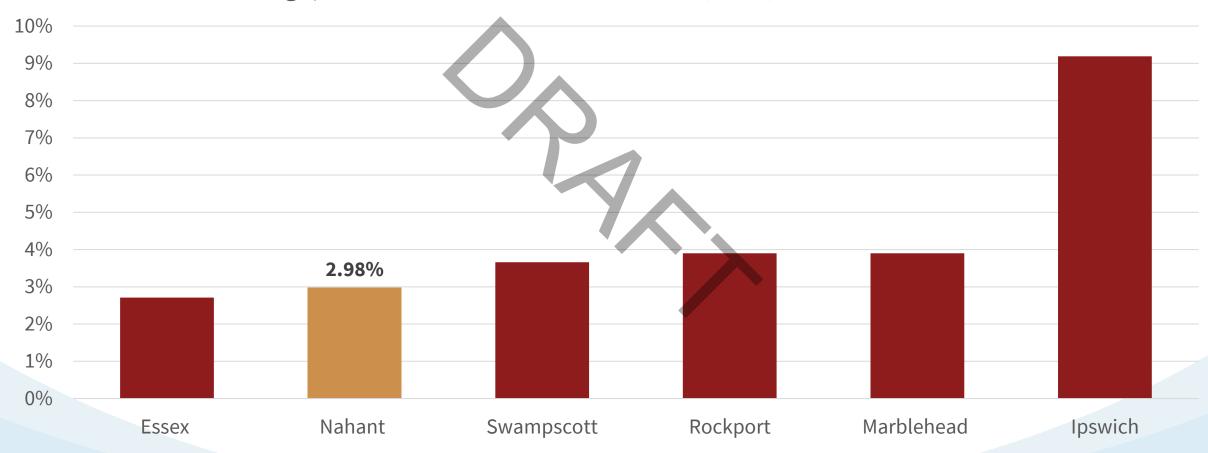
2.98%

Source: DHCD, 2021 and U.S. Census Bureau Redistricting Data, 2020.

# **Subsidized Housing Inventory (SHI)**



### **SHI Percentage, Nahant & Context Communities (2021)**



## **Affordable Housing Need**



There are approximately 645 households eligible for Affordable Housing in Nahant.

There are 48 units on the Town's Subsidized Housing Inventory.

For approximately every **13 income-eligible households** in Nahant there is **1 Affordable Housing unit** in town.





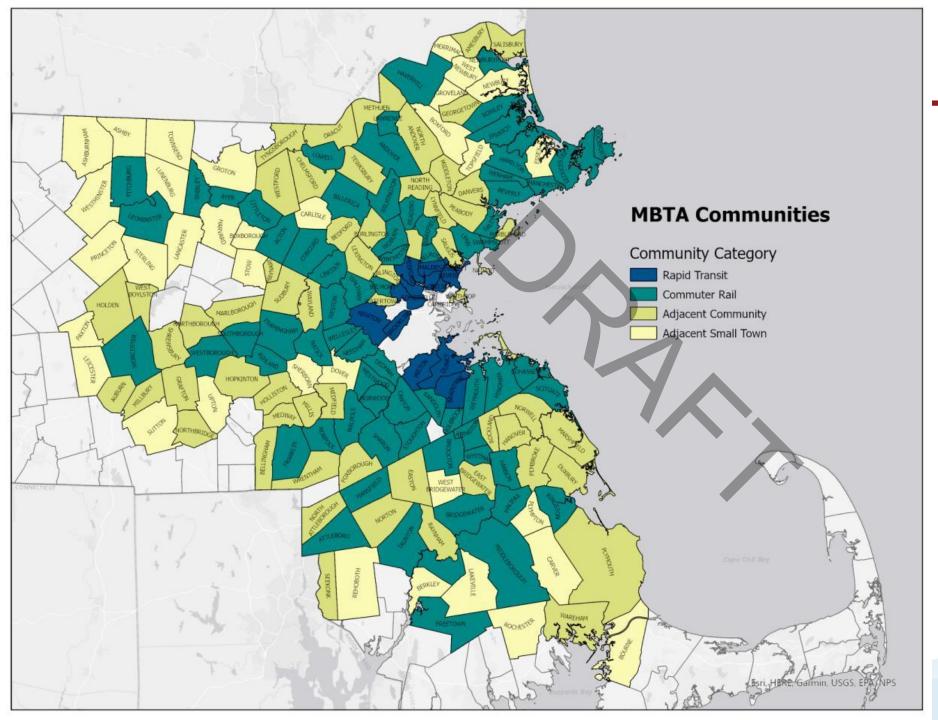
## **Introduction to 3A Zoning**





Zoning must be adopted by December 31, 2025.

Nahant will submit interim compliance with the state, with the expectation that the zoning is passed at a town meeting before December 31, 2025.





Nahant is classified as an "Adjacent Small Town" due to the size, population, rail access through a neighboring community only.

## Why is the Commonwealth doing this?



### Massachusetts is in a housing crisis.

- Massachusetts has among the highest, and fastest growing, home prices and rents of any state in the nation.
- Rising costs have dramatically increased financial pressures on low- and middle-income families, forcing them to sacrifice other priorities in order to pay housing costs. High housing costs are a primary driver of homelessness.
- These high costs are a disadvantage as we compete economically against peer states. The risk of future job growth moving outside Massachusetts is rising due to the high costs of living.

# **Local Benefits of 3A Zoning**





### **Meet Local Housing Need**

- Create "lower-case a" affordable housing options
- Add "upper-case A" Affordable Housing to the Town's SHI



### **State Funding**

- Eligibility for housing choice, capital grants, and MassWorks
- Considered in other state discretionary funding decisions
- Housing Authority budgets likely to be affected

# Minimum zoning requirements for Nahant



- Zone for 86 new units. To be built by-right, not requiring any special permit. Developments will still be subject to the site plan review process.
- No Minimum District size or number of 3A districts. There may be one or multiple 3A districts of any size if the land is developable.

• Zone for a minimum gross density of at least 15 units per acre. This could be a variety of "missing middle" housing options including condos or townhomes.

# **Missing Middle Housing**





# What we CAN'T do with 3A Zoning



- Restrict age. All homes must be suitable for families with children. The zoning cannot allow for senior only developments.
- Zone anywhere with environmental constraints. Land that contains a protected wetland, for example, cannot be part of a 3A district.
- Public land, institutional land, and public open space will be excluded from 3A zoning. This includes government buildings such as the Town Hall as well as things like schools, universities, libraries, public works facilities, etc.

## What we CAN do with 3A Zoning



- Place the zoning anywhere in town. Since there is no station, there is no station area needed to build around.
- Require affordability. If an analysis proves it is financially feasible.
- Create districts that satisfy multiple requirements. A 3A district could also be a 40R district as well.
- Create varying levels of density that allow for the 15 gross units total. The 15 units are gross for the whole district(s), we could have other overlays that allow for additional density in some areas or reduce density in others.

# **Determining 3A Compliance**



Screenshot from DHCD Webinar on Nov 14, 2022

## The Compliance Model:



A geospatial (GIS) database for each municipality that includes existing parcel boundaries, any excluded or sensitive land, and additional information such as owner name, address, and existing use.

Dimensional Standards	Value	Notes
Minimum Lot Size (in square feet)		HARI
Base Minimum Lot Size (in square feet)		
Additional Lot Square Footage by Dwelling Unit (i square feet)	in	
Restricted space is allowed as part of open space requirement.		
Building type and density	Value	Notes
Two-family?		
Three-family?		
Four-family?		
Five or more dwelling units per lot?		
Accessory Dwelling Unit (ADU)?		

A zoning checklist, which will walk users through a series of questions and prompts in order to collect relevant dimensional and regulatory elements of the proposed zoning bylaw that will impact unit capacity.

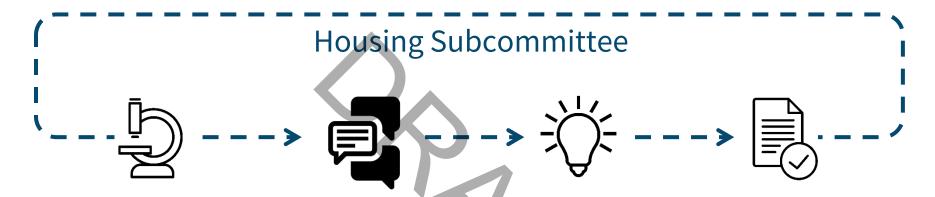
Metric	Compliance Model Estimates	Town-specific Requirement	Compliant?
District acreage	62.4	50.0	Υ
Estimated unit capacity	955.0	900.0	Y
Estimated gross district density	15.3	15.0	Y
% of unit capacity within station areas	63.2%	50.0%	Y

A unit capacity estimator that will use the imported parcel information and the information collected in the zoning checklist to derive an estimate of the unit capacity on each lot in the district as well as district-level summary information such as total district unit capacity, gross density of the district, and other helpful statistics.

# **Planning Process for MBTA Zoning**



### **Nahant and MAPC**



#### **Data**

Zoning analysis

**3A Comparison** 

**Development Trends** 

Infrastructure and Environmental Constraints

### **Public outreach**

Communications strategy

Focus Groups

Town-wide forums

### Recommendations

Study area

Parcel analysis

Development types

Unit capacity and financial modeling

Zoning recommendations

#### **Deliverable**

**Draft zoning** 

Communications materials



## **Public Forum #1**



- Anticipated in late Feb 2023.
- Exploring venue options.
- Likely to be in-person.
- Focus on Housing Production Plan elements.



## **Next Steps**



- Finish Housing Needs Assessment Report
- Land Use and Zoning Audit; Development Constraints
- Begin 3A Zoning Analysis
- Focus Group and Interview Engagement
- Plan first town-wide engagement event.

